THE [Numb. 751.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, *September 27,* 1759.

THE Subscriber informs the Public, that he has spent a good Deal of Time and Thought to enable him to give them such Satisfaction and useful Information as he proposed some Time ago to do in a Piece he was to publish, entitled, *The Farmer's Companion*; and as he desired but a reasonable Satisfaction for the Difficulty, and as a Reward for his Trouble and Time and Study spent therein, thought it best to propose a very small Sum, to be given by each Subscriber for the Book, only Five Shillings to be paid at Subscription, and Two Shillings and Six Pence on Delivery, imagining he should thereby have the Number of his Subscriptions so much increased, as to make up the Sum he thought adequate to the Service, sooner and easier than by setting a larger Sum to each Subscriber, which People in general might not choose to bestow on any useful Discovery. But he was soon after publishing his Proposals, told by several Gentlemen (and by Experience have found it so to be true) that they thought he had judged wrong, for, by setting the Sum so small, he had rendered the Matter cheap, and to be little thought of in general, and that be it as low as it would, many People would not concern themselves about it, and that any Gentleman who was generously disposed to encourage the useful Labours and Studies of others, for the Good of the Public, would not hesitate at subscribing considerably more than was at first proposed, and by what Means much fewer Subscribers would make up such a reasonable Sum as would induce him to publish it. They also told him, that tho the Gentlemen he had got to certify their Knowledge of his Performances might be Men well skilled in Surveying and the Mathematics in general, they were not Gentlemen publicly known to be so, and therefore it would be proper to undergo an Examination by and get Certificates from, some Gentlemen, whose Learning and Abilities in that Way were well known to the whole Country. He has therefore applied to the Reverend, Learned, and Ingenious Mr. *Hugh Jones*, of *Lovel County*, and to Mr. *John Emory*, Surveyor of *Queen-Anne's* County, for their Examination of him, and publishes their Certificates hereunto. The Subscriber therefore, pursuant to the Advice of his Friends, and several Gentlemen well disposed to encourage his, and all useful Labours, informs those Gentlemen that have subscribed to his first Proposals, that on Application to the Gentlemen with whom they subscribed, they will have their Money returned, as a sufficient Number of Subscribers would not be made up; and that he makes a new the following Proposals, and hopes to meet with Success, as he assures them he has had very considerable private Offers for the Discovery, but rather chooses the Public should be possessed of it, at this easy Rate.

PROPOSALS for Printing by SUBSCRIPTION,

THE FARMER's COMPANION.

CONTAINING,

I. DIRECTIONS how to set off any one, or every one, of the Points of the Compass, or any one of the Degrees, even in a strange Place, without any Instrument of any Kind, so easily apprehended, that a Man of the least Ingenuity, with a small Share of Learning, may be directed in a few Minutes, how to set off one or two Courses to True as to Correct the Compass.

II. How to tell the true Distance to, or from any one, or several, Object or Objects; and the true Distance they are from one another, without any Instrument.

III. How to make a Circle or Circumference divide itself into Points or Degrees.

IV. How, with the Dividers only, to prick off 6 or 8, or more, Courses, before one Line be drawn.

V. How to make a Square to the Land, without any Compass.

VI. How with Pen, Ink and Paper only, to lay out every Point on the Compass true.

VII. A sure and certain Method for setting Clocks and Watches, without any Regard to the Time of the Year, or Latitude of the Place.

With several other useful Problems, too tedious to be inserted in these Proposals.

By ABRAHAM MILTON, Inspector, at *Chester-Town*.

WHEREAS the Author to the FARMER's COMPANION, did apply to me to prove the Sitting of *Courts*, before Company was being at hand, I answered him a certain Way, that I had several Times tried, and well knew the Courts to the said Tree, and he, *Smith* only a Splinter or two, told the true Courts to the said Tree.

W. HYNSON.

And also, That by Appointment, one the Subscribers being met together, in Order to prove the same, and he with it, went into an Old Field and with only a few Splinters set off ten Courses in about ten Minutes, and afterwards was tried them by the Compass, and not one of them varied in the least.

And for Plating there were six Courses were done, that is, the Degree every Course, and the with the Dividers, without the Use of the Scale, pricked them off without drawing any Line; and when we tried it, it proved exactly true.

WM. HYNSON,
JOS. WICKES,
N. RICKETS.

WHEREAS the Author to the FARMER's COMPANION applied to me, by Reason that I kept Instruments, and for fear of Mortality, that the Invention might not be lost. This is therefore to Certify, that I have found the Work to be exactly True, not by one Trial only, but by different Trials, which fully satisfies me it is a true and exact Method for the aforegoing Observations. ARTHUR MILLER.

WHEREAS the Author of the FARMER's COMPANION applied to me for my Sentiments of his Proposals, and for my Satisfaction performed some of his Problems, with surprizing Accuracy and Expedition, without any Instrument. I have no Cause to doubt, but that he can perform all the other Propositions of his Advertisement; and imagine that his Rules and Methods may be improved and extended to other Mathematical Branches besides common Surveying.

Cecil, Sept. 7, 1759. H. JONES, *Philomath.*

WHEREAS the Author of the FARMER's COMPANION applied to me for my Sentiments of his Problems; at my Request, he with surprizing Accuracy and Expedition, without any Instrument, to me before, performed some of them; and I know no Cause to doubt, but that he can perform all the other Propositions of his Advertisement; and imagine that his Rules and Methods may be improved and extended to other Mathematical Branches besides common Surveying.

JOHN EMORY, Surveyor, Queen-Anne's County.

CONDITIONS.

THAT at the Time of Subscribing, each Subscriber shall pay Ten Shillings, and Ten Shillings more on Delivery of the Book.

That the Gentlemen who are so kind as to take the Trouble of the Subscriptions, and receiving the Money, are desired to send an Account to the Printers hereof, by the last Day of *March* next, of the Number of Subscribers they have each got; and if the Whole make up 400 at least, the Cuts will be got ready, and the Piece sent to the Press, and be printed on good Paper and Letter, and be delivered by the several Gentlemen who took the Subscriptions, with all possible Dispatch. And if the Number subscribed are not sufficient, then each Gentleman who has subscribed, shall have his Money returned by the Gentleman with whom he subscribed, and in whose Hands the Money is to lie till that Time.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in, by Mr. *Richard Earle*, and Mr. *James Lemmon*, Merchants, at *Turner's Creek*, in *Cecil* County. Messrs. *Thomas* and *William Ringgold*, Merchants, in *Chester-Town*, and Mr. *William Rafe*, Merchant, at *George-Town*, in *Kent* County. Mr. *Solomon Wright*, Attorney at Law, Mr. *Jonathan Hall*, Merchant, and Mr. *John Emory*, Surveyor, in *Queen-Anne's* County. Mr. *John Clayton*, Merchant, at *Oxford*, and Mr. *Joseph Calmore*, at *Talbot* Court-House. *Hall Castle*, Esq; and Colonel *Henry Travers*, in *Dorchester* County. Messieurs *William Allen*, and *Littleton Dennis*, Merchants, in *Somerset* County. Mr. *Henry Johnson*, Clerk of *Worcester* County. Messieurs *Clement* and *Cornwell*, Merchants, in *Baltimore-Town*, and Mr. *Robert Adair*, Merchant, at *Bush-River*. *James Dixon*, Esq; in *Frederick-Town*, in *Frederick* County. Messrs. *Alexander* and *Andrew Symmer*, Merchants, in *Upper-Marlborough*. *Charles Graham*, Esq; Merchant, at *Lower-Marlborough*, and Mr. *James Johnston Mackall*, at *St. Leonard's-Creek-Town*. Mr. *John Hepburn*, junr. and Mr. *Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer*, Merchant, in *Charles* County. Mr. *Nathaniel Bruce*, Merchant, Mr. *John Hall*, Attorney at Law, and Mr. *Jeremiah Jordan*, near *Chapnico*, in *St. Mary's* County. And at the PRINTING-OFFICE in *Annapolis*.

BOSTON, *September* 6.

From ADVICES *from the River* St. LAWRENCE.

SINCE Monday Morning last arrived here a Number of Ships, Snows, Brigs, &c. belonging to this and the neighbouring Colonies, which have been employed in the Transport Service up the River St. Lawrence, and have followed Admiral Saunders to the said Gates of Wrath, which are mentioned in the last Accounts received from the River, and by which Storm Gates are understood the Falls, Cape, Richelieu, of this Place; this People have.——There was very great Thunder and Lightning during that Storm.——There arrived at Sill that came from the River, under Convoy of his Majesty's Frigate Diana, Capt. Alexander Schomberg, which has also received some Damage, and a particular Account of it, most of the above Vessels are bound to Boston.——They left the Island of Orleans about the Middle of August.——The Accounts we have from our Armament at the Siege of Quebec, the Capital of Canada, are very satisfactory, &c. &c. &c. Provisions, as we are informed by Letters, are very plentiful, and the Prospects of most that are from thence, agree. That our Forces go on with the greatest Vigour and Spirit, and make no Doubt that they will be Masters of the whole Country this Fall. As we are not able to publish an exact Journal, or a very correct Account of all the Proceedings of the Army since their Arrival in the Isle of Orleans, we shall give our Readers the best we can collect from several Letters from thence, dated to the 14th of August. To which First it can be affirmed, Duty and Hard Service are very regularly, with great Unanimity between our different Corps of all Ranks, and no Troops could behave better, and encourage Patience in a more soldierly Manner.——The two Regiments of our Army, as it was called the Night that we left it, at 2 League Distance, which begins from the East Side of Mont Morency Falls, on the North Side of the River St. Lawrence, to the River Etchemin on the South Side, at different Dates, about two Leagues above Quebec; the greatest Part at Point Levee, and Mont Morency.

Extract of a Letter from Point Levee, written four Miles of Quebec, dated July 29, 1759.

ON the 29th of June, 1500 of our Troops crossed from the Isle of Orleans to Point Levee, and took Possession of that important Post, with the Loss of 3 Men, and three wounded. On the 30th, 1000 more were ferried over to take Possession of Point Orleans, which was done without any Loss. Here we continued for 6 Days, when two armed Vessels were sent down the North Shore, in order to cover our Landing at Mont Morency, which was accomplished that Night following, unperceived by the Enemy. Here we encamped, and built a Redoubt; a Number of our Rangers, who were sent as Advance Parties, were attacked, but not lost about 20, killed wounded.——Our People upon Point Levee erected a Battery, and four Mortars, and six thirty-two Pounders, situated within 400 Yards of Quebec, which is the Width of the River, across from that Place to the City.——On the 12th of July we opened our Battery on the Town, which play'd it's Part very well, and sent for several Houses on Fire, which burnt to the Ground.——The Enemy returned our Compliment as well as they could, but did us but little Damage.——We immediately went to Work, and erected another Battery of four Mortars, within 300 Feet of the other; and from these two Batteries, which are extremely well situated, we have given them a most Dreadful the Town several Times, and burnt the large Church to the Ground.——On the 23d we opened a third Battery, of six 24 Pounders, on the Town, situated within 300 Yards of the others, which raked the lower Part of the Town; and by these Batteries it is in our Power to destroy the Town in a Piece.——But this is not the greatest Strength we have against them, their greatest Numbers being without the Town; we are Four Deserters, and have taken Notice of Prisoners; but they differ vastly in their Accounts of the Enemy's Numbers, some say 5, some 6, and some 7000.——But by laying the Last Accounts together, I believe they have at present Re-

WANTED,

Any Time between this and Chriſtmas,

A SHIP that will carry about 350 or 400 Hogſheads, ſhe muſt not be leſs than 5 Feet betwixt Decks; will require to be well fitted, and not exceed two Years old; if new, will be more agreeable. Any Perſon having ſuch a Ship to diſpoſe of, may hear of a Purchaſer, by applying to the Printers hereof.

THREE YOUNG NEGRO FELLOWS, that have been accuſtomed to work in Shallops theſe 4 Years paſt, talk *Engliſh* perfectly well, to be Sold, if an extraordinary Price is given. Apply as above.

RAN away from the Ship *Cato*, lying at *Annapolis*, on the 1ſt of *September*, Two Seamen;

One named *John Bigwood*, a young Man, born in *Guernſey*, ſpeaks pretty good *Engliſh*, of low Stature, ſtock pitted, large Eyes, which look as if they were ſtarted, and wears his own black Hair. He is cloathed in Sailor's Dreſs. And,

Alexander Low, an *Engliſhman*, of middling Stature, dark Complexion, ſmooth Face, and talks a great Deal. Had on a green Jacket and Trowſers, and a Wig or Cap.

They are ſuppoſed to be gone to *Virginia* in a Boat belonging to *William Holland*.

Whoever takes them up, and returns them to the Ship, or to *Annapolis*, ſhall have a Genteel Reward for each, paid by Mr. *Robert Swan*, or the Maſter.

WALTER MONTGOMERIE.

RAN away from *John Taylor*, Eſq; and Company's Mine-Bank, in *Baltimore* County, *Maryland*, on the firſt of *July* laſt, a Servant Man, and a Negro.

The Servant is named *Richard Waters* (but commonly calls himſelf *Farmer*) about 20 Years old, 5 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, well-ſet, of a brown Complexion, and ſmooth Face. His Cloaths uncertain. He had Irons on his Neck, and on one Leg.

The Negro is named *Dick*, about 30 Years of Age, a luſty clever Fellow. His Cloaths alſo uncertain.

Whoever will apprehend the ſaid Runaways, and bring them home, ſhall have, if taken 30 Miles from home, One Piſtole for each; if 50 Miles, Four Piſtoles, beſides what the Law allows.

JOHN BEALL.

THOMAS WARD, *Peruke-Maker*,

WHO has lived many Years at *Baltimore-Town*, gives this Public Notice, That he intends to leave the Province this Fall, and return to *London*. And any Perſons having any Demands on him, may bring their Accounts and they ſhall be paid: And thoſe who are Indebted to him, are required to make Payment.

His old Cuſtomers, or Others, who ſhall be pleaſed to favour him with their Cuſtom, may give Directions by Letters, to be left at the *Maryland Coffee-Houſe, London*, and may depend on being ſerved in the beſt Manner, by

Their obliged humble Servant,

THOMAS WARD.

N. B. He has an exceeding good Eight Day Alarm Clock to ſell, at a reaſonable Price.

TO BE SOLD,

In Lots of One Hundred Acres, on reaſonable Terms,

PART of a Tract of Land, called *Frenchman's Purchaſe*, containing 2434 Acres, lying near the Temporary Line, on *Marſh-Creek*, wherein is exceeding good Meadow-Ground, and two very good Improvements. For Title and Terms apply to Mr. *William Sparks*, living near the ſaid Land.

And a Tract of Land called *White-Oak Levels*, containing 278 Acres, lying on *Conewangue*, adjoining Mr. *Isaac Baker*'s Land, well Timber'd and Water'd, with ſome good Meadow-Ground, by

RICHARD BROOKE, *Executor of* ISAAC BROOKE, *Or*,
SAMUEL BEALL, junior.

THE Ship *Cato*, *Walter Montgomerie*, Commander, Loads TOBACCO in *Weſt River*, Conſigned to Mr. ARCHIBALD MACLEAN, and gives Liberty of Conſignment to any other Merchants in *London*, at Twelve Pounds Sterling *per* Ton, and intends to ſail with the Convoy.

LATELY IMPORTED *from* LONDON, *in the Ship* LEE, *Captain* JOHNSTON, *and to be SOLD by the Subſcriber, at his Store in* NOTTINGHAM, *on* PATUXENT *River*,

EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, compleatly Aſſorted, Wholeſale or Retail.

Alſo, Choice *Barbados* RUM, and *Muſcovado* SUGAR.

HANCOCK LEE.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, *at the Houſe of the Subſcriber, near the Mouth of* Patuxent *in* Calvert *County, on Monday the Firſt of* OCTOBER, *for Bills of Exchange or Caſh*,

A PLANTATION, containing 275 Acres of choice Land, whereon is a good Dwelling-Houſe, Kitchen, Barn, Meat-Houſe, and all other convenient Out-Houſes, and ſeveral Apple and Peach Orchards.

ALEXANDER HELLER.

ABOUT the Fourth of *June* laſt, the Subſcriber, by Order of the Honourable Col. *Byrd*, purchaſed two Convict Servants, and ſent them up from *Alexandria* towards *Wincheſter*, and ſince have not been heard of.

The one is named *Edward*, alias *Barnaby Burny*, an *Engliſhman*, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, is a ſlender Man, his Hair tied behind, and has been a Soldier, and is about 25 Years of Age. He had on when he went away, a Soldier's Jacket trimmed with white Lace, and a Pair of blue Breeches.

The other named *Martin Wright*, an *Iriſhman*, about 40 Years of Age, a luſty well made Fellow, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, pitted with the Small-Pox. Had on when he went away, a dark coloured Fuſtian Frock, Cloth Waiſtcoat, a Pair of Leather Breeches, and a White Wig.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Runaways, and brings them to me in *Alexandria*, or the Commanding Officer of the *Virginia* Troops at *Winchoſter*, ſhall have Two Piſtoles Reward for each, and reaſonable Travelling Charges, to be paid by

JAMES CARLYLE.

RAN away about the 25th of *June*, from the Subſcriber in *Fairfax* County, *Virginia*, a likely Country-born Negro Boy, named *Davy*, about 15 Years of Age, has a Scar near his left Eye, ſpeaks fluently, and is very ready in his Replies. Had on an old blue Cotton Coat and Waiſtcoat, and Leather Breeches: The Coat had plain Braſs Buttons, the Waiſtcoat Horn.

Whoever brings home the ſaid Negro, or ſecures him in any Goal, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, beſides reaſonable Charges, paid by

G. W. FAIRFAX.

To be SOLD by the Commiſſioners of the Paper-Currency, at PUBLIC VENDUE, *at the Houſe of Mr.* William Reynolds, *in* Annapolis, *on the Third Tueſday of this Proviſional Court, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon*,

THREE LOTS, with a Brick Dwelling-Houſe ſtanding thereon, on the Weſt Side of *Scotch-Street*, in that Part of the Town called the *New-Town*, late the Eſtate of *William Cumming*, Eſq; deceaſed, for Current Paper Money.

JUST IMPORTED *from* MADEIRA, *And to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER in* ANNAPOLIS,

A PARCEL of choice WINES.

DANIEL WOLLSTENHOLME.

May 16, 1759.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Maſter in *Queen-Anne's* County School: Any Perſon properly Qualified, applying to the Viſitors of ſaid School, will meet with as much Encouragement as the Law relating to Free-Schools will ſupport them in. Signed *per* Order,

NATHAN WRIGHT, Regiſter.

THESE are to give Notice to all Gentlemen, Ladies and Others, that have Occaſion to travel the Road from the Southward, on the Eaſtern Shore of *Maryland*, that the Subſcriber has again opened her own Houſe in *Fredericktown*, at *Saſſafras Ferry*, for a Tavern, where ſhe hopes her Friends and the Public will be pleaſed to continue their Favours, and they may depend on general Entertainment, and good Uſage, from

Their humble Servant,

SARAH ELTON.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, *On the firſt Wedneſday in* OCTOBER *next*,

A DISTILLERY, with it's Appurtenances, in CHARLES-TOWN, MARYLAND, at the Head of the fine Bay of *Cheſapeak*, being on a Quarter of a Lot of Land in the ſame Town, near the Public Wharf. The Still-Houſe is built of Cedar 39½ by 26½ Feet clear; In it are two Stills fix'd, the largeſt containing between 1400 and 1500 Gallons, and the other about 500 Gallons, with Cooler and Worms, fifteen Ciſterns, two Returns, one Low-Wine Ciſtern, Pumps, &c. Alſo a new Framed Houſe 29½ by 19½ Feet, with a Cellar under it, convenient to the Still-Houſe.

Any one who is acquainted with the Country, may ſee a great Opening for the carrying on a very extenſive and profitable Buſineſs through *Cheſapeak* and it's many fine Rivers, from this only Diſtillery in *Maryland*, if not alſo *Virginia*.

All Grain is there cheap, being uſually from 6*d.* upwards cheaper in the Buſhel than at *Philadelphia*.——Wood is there at 3 *s. per* Cord, and there is a good Market for Flour, Lumber, and other Commodities, for a *Weſt-India* Trade, to be purchaſed cheap.——The Country is in flouriſhing Circumſtances, and conſumes great Quantities of ſpirituous Liquors, which at all Times are ſold at a conſiderable Advance upon the *Philadelphia* Price. As a further Encouragement to the Buſineſs of a Diſtiller in *Maryland* more than till late has been, in 1756 an Exciſe of 4 *d. per* Gallon on Rum and ſpirituous Liquors imported from other Provinces is laid on the Retailer or Conſumer; and in 1758 a farther Duty is laid upon what ſhall be brought from *Pennſylvania* and the Three Lower Counties of 3 *d. per* Gallon, to be paid by the Importer, which together make 7 Pence Duty *per* Gallon; whereas there is only 2 *d. per* Gallon charged on what is made and conſumed in *Maryland*.

Alſo the Dwelling-Houſe, Store-Houſe, &c. of the late *Peacock Riggs*, in the ſaid Town, ſtand for a Tavern or Store-Keeper.

One Third of the Purchaſe Money to be paid down at the Sale, and Time to be given for Payment of the Remainder upon Security given.

The Sale to be on the Premiſſes.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, *On Tueſday the 13th of* November *next, at the Houſe of* William Brown, *in* London-Town, *the following Tracts of* LAND, *belonging to the Eſtate of* William Peale, *deceaſed*.

ONE TRACT called *Symſon's Range*, containing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place called *Huntington*.

One TRACT called *Batchelor's Choice*, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Falls of *Patapſco*, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, ſurvey'd for *Jane Gray*, called *Maiden's Bower*.

One TRACT called *Poplar Neck*, containing by Patent 250 Acres.

One TRACT called *Mitchell's Addition*, containing 18½ Acres.

Part of a TRACT called *Puddington's Harbour*, containing 100 Acres.

*** Theſe 5 laſt Tracts lie contiguous to one another, and near *London-Town*.

Alſo, The late Mr. *Peale*'s Dwelling-Houſe, Store, and other Improvements, in *London-Town*, with ſeveral unimproved Lots lying contiguous.

All Perſons who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in. And any inclining to Purchaſe the above Lands, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to

JAMES MOSAT,
JAMES DICK,
JAMES NICHOLSON, } Executors.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Church-ſtreet*; where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inſerted for Five Shillings the firſt Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertiſements.

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I. DIRECTIONS how to set off any one, or every one, of the Points of the Compass, or any one of the Degrees, even in a strange Place, without any Instrument of any Kind, so easily apprehended, that a Man of the least Ingenuity, with a small Share of Learning, may be directed in a few Minutes, how to set off one or two Courses (a True as to Correct) the Compass.

II. How to tell the true Distance to, or from any one, or several, Object or Objects; and the true Distance they are from one another, without any Instrument.

III. How to make a Circle or Circumference divide itself into Points or Degrees.

IV. How, with the Dividers only, to prick off 6 or 8, or more, Courses, before one Line be drawn.

V. How to make a Regard to run Land without any Compass.

VI. How with Pen, Ink and Paper only, to lay out every Point on the Compass true.

VII. A new and certain Method for setting Clocks and Watches, without any Regard to the Time of the Year, or Latitude of the Place.

With several other useful Problems, too tedious to be inserted in these Proposals.

By ALEXANDER MILTOW, Inspector, at *Chester-Town*.

WHEREAS the Author to the FARMER's COMPANION, did apply to me to prove the Setting of Courses, before a Compass and Line of Lines, I shewed him a certain Tree, that I had several Times tried, and well knew the Courses to, and found them, within only a Splinter or two, told the true Courses to the said Tree.

W. HYNSON.

And also, That by Agreement, over the Subscribers being met together, in Order to prove the same, he went to an Old Field out with only a few Splinters lay of the Courses to about ten Miles Distance, and afterwards, we tried them by the Compass, and not one of them varied in the least.

And for Plotting there were six Courses run down, that split the Degrees every Course, and he, with the Dividers, without the Use of the Scale, pricked them off without drawing any Lines, and when we tried it, it proved exactly true.

WM. HYNSON,
JAS. WICKES,
N. RICKETTS.

WHEREAS the Author to the FARMER's COMPANION *applied to me, by Reason that I kept Instruments, and for fear of Mortality, that the Invention might not be lost: This is therefore to Certify, that I have found the Work to be exactly True, not by one Trial only, but by different Trials, which fully satisfies me it is a true and exact Method for the aforesaid Observations.* ARTHUR MILLER.

WHEREAS the Author of the FARMER's COMPANION *applied to me for my Sentiments of his Proposals, and for my Satisfaction performed some of his Problems with surprizing Accuracy and Expedition*, without any Instrument. *I believe he Cannot be mistaken, but that he can perform all the other Propositions of his Advertisement; and imagine that his Rules and Methods may be improved and extended to other Mathematical Branches besides common Surveying.*

Cecil, Sept. 7, 1759. H. JONES, *Philomath.*

WHEREAS the Author of the FARMER's COMPANION *applied to me for my Sentiments of his Problems, at my Request, he gave surprizing Accuracy and Expedition*, without any Instrument, *in as before performed some of them; and I have no Cause to doubt, but that he can perform all the other Propositions of his Advertisement; and imagine that his Rules and Methods may be improved and extended to other Mathematical Branches besides common Surveying.*

JOHN BEARD, *Surveyor*, Queen-Anne's County.

CONDITIONS.

THAT at the Time of subscribing, each Subscriber shall pay Two Shillings, and Ten Shillings more on Delivery of the Book.

That the Gentlemen who are so kind as to take the Trouble of the Subscriptions, and receiving the Money, are desired to send an Account to the Printers hereof, by the last Day of *March* next, of the Number of Subscribers they have each got; and if the Whole make up 400 at least, the Cuts will be got ready, and the Piece sent to the Press, and be printed on good Paper and Letter, and be delivered by the several Gentlemen who took the Subscriptions, with all possible Dispatch. And if the Number subscribed are not sufficient, then each Gentleman who has subscribed, shall have his Money returned by the Gentleman with whom he subscribed, and in whose Hands the Money is to lie till that Time.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in, by Mr. *Michael Keech*, and Mr. *James Lemmon*, Merchants, at *Turner's Creek*, in *Cecil* County. Messrs. *Thomas* and *William Ringgold*, Merchants, in *Chester-Town*, and Mr. *William Rogers*, Merchant, at *George-Town*, in *Kent* County. Mr. *Solomon Wright*, Attorney at Law, Mr. *Jonathan Hall*, Merchant; and Mr. *John Emory*, Surveyor, in *Queen-Anne's* County. Mr. *John Clashee*, Merchant, at *Oxford*, and Mr. *Joseph Coleman*, at *Talbot* Court-House. *Hall Caille*, Esq; and Colonel *Henry Trouton*, in *Dorchester* County. Messieurs *William Allen*, and *Littleton Dennis*, Merchants, in *Somerset* County. Mr. *Henry Jenkins*, Clerk of *Worcester* County. Messieurs *Chamier* and *Greame*, Merchants, in *Baltimore-Town*, and Mr. *Robert Adair*, Merchant, at *Bush-River*. *James Dixon*, Esq; in *Frederick-Town*, in *Frederick* County. Messrs. *Alexander* and *Andrew Symmer*, Merchants, in *Upper-Marlborough*. *Charles Grahame*, Esq; Merchant, at *Lower-Marlborough*, and Mr. *James Johnson Mackall*, at *St. Leonard's-Creek-Town*. Mr. *John Hanks*, junr. and Mr. *David of St. Thomas Jenifer*, Merchant, in *Charles* County. Mr. *Norwood Brooke*, Merchant, Mr. *John Hall*, Attorney at Law, and Mr. *Jeremiah Jordan*, near *Chaptico*, in *St. Mary's* County. And at the PRINTING-OFFICE in *Annapolis*.

BOSTON, *September* 6.

From ADVICES *from the Right Hon.* LAWRENCE.

SINCE Monday Morning last arrived here 2 Numbers of Ships, Brigs, &c. belonging to this and the neighbouring Colonies, which have been employed in the Transport Service up the River St. Lawrence, and have different Damage in the hard Gales of Wind which we have mentioned in the late Accounts received from that River, and in which Storm there was one Schooner lost, Capt. Nicholson of this Place; the People saved. ——There was very severe Thunder and Lightning during that Storm. ——There is one or 2 still that came from the River, under Convoy of his Majesty's Frigate Diana, Capt. Alexander Schomberg, which has also received some Damage, and is arrived here in order to repair. One of the above Vessels are bound to Salem. ——They take the Mouth of October about the Middle of September. ——The Accounts we have from our Armament at the Siege of Quebec, the Capital of Canada, are very far from being disagreeable, as it was reported on Monday last. All Letters, and the Reports of most that we have spoke with, agree, That our Forces go on with the greatest Vigour and Spirit, and make no Doubt that they will be Masters of the whole Country this Fall. As we are not able to publish an exact Journal, or a very correct Account of all the Proceedings of the Army since their Arrival at the Isle of Orleans, we shall give our Readers the last we can collect from several Letters from thence, dated 6 the 14th of August; To which Time it can be allowed, Duty and Hard Service are very regularly, with great Unanimity between the different Corps of all Ranks; and no Troops could behave better, and undergo Fatigue in a more Soldierly Manner. ——The two Divisions of our Army, as it was called the latter End of July, is 2 or 3 Leagues Distance, which begins from the East Side of Mont Morency Falls, on the North Side of the River St. Lawrence, to the River Etchemin, on the South Side, the different Bodies, about two Leagues above Quebec; the greatest Part at Point Levee, and Mont Morency. ——*Extract of a Letter from Point Levee, dated four Miles of Quebec, dated July 29, 1759.*

ON the 25th of June, 1300 of our Troops crossed from the Isle of Orleans to Point Levee, and made Prisoners of that important Post, with the Lofs of 3 Men, and those wounded: On the 30th, 5000 more were forwarded to take Possession of Point Orleans, which was done without any Loss. Here we continued for 6 Days, when Provisions and Stores were sent down the North Shore, in order to cover our Landing on Mont Morency, which was accomplished the Night following, unperceived by the Enemy. Here we encamped, and built a Redoubt, a Number of our Rangers, who were sent as Advance Parties, were attacked and we lost about 40 Men there wounded. ——On Point Levee Lower erected a Battery, and four Mortars, and 8 thirty two Pounders, situated within 900 Yards of Quebec, which is the Width of the River, across from that Place to the City. ——On the 12th of July we opened our Battery on the Town, which play'd it's Part very well, and set fire to several Houses on Fire, which burnt to the Ground. ——The Enemy returned the Compliment as well as they could, but did us but little Damage. ——We immediately went to Work, and erected another Battery of four Mortars, within 300 Feet of the other; and from these two Batteries, which are extremely well situated, we have given them a heavy Dose, fired the Town several Times, and burnt the large Church to the Ground. ——On the 25th we opened a third Battery, of 8 24 Pounders, on the Town, situated within 400 Yards of the others, which raked the lower Part of the Town and by whose Batteries it is in our Power to destroy the Enemy's Provisions. ——But this is not the greatest Strength we have to oppose, their greatest Numbers being without that Town; we have many Deserters, and have taken about 1000 Prisoners; but they differ vastly in their Accounts of the Number remaining, some say 5, some 8, and some 12,000. ——Supposing the last Accounts together, I believe they are at Hazard to

gaters.——How many Canadians and Indians, is wholly uncertain; but they are very numerous by their Encampments.

Advices from the West, I think for certain Situations to let as well as can be expected, considering the Measures we have in our Power to disturb the Enemy; but I doubt that they must be extremely miserable; for we are daily taking their Cattle and Sheep by Hundreds; and they cannot have any Benefit from a Crop this Year; and if they should not surrender, we can maintain our present Posts well if it is too late for any Supplies to come to their Assistance, and upon our withdrawing, destroy all that we can. They must perish in the Winter, for it is now in our Power to destroy the greater Part of their Country that hath been inhabited.——On the 26th General Wolfe, with 3 Thousand Men, went from his Encampment, which is at Mont Morency, in order to surprize a small Camp of the Enemy's, where they were said him, and fired upon him, on which a smart Skirmish ensued, in which we lost 2 Captains, and 2 Lieutenants, and about 23 Privates, besides wounded, among which was one of the General's Aids de Camp.——We came off Conquerors.——The Evening before Col. Frazer, being out with a Party, received a Ball through his Thigh, but is likely to do well.——Two Ships, and one Frigate, 2 Cutts, and 2 Sloops, now above the Town, watching their Shipping, which are 5 Leagues up the River: It is said they have 4 Frigates, and 3 Sail of Merchantmen.——The Night before last they sent down 4 Fire Rafts, of 4 or 5 hundred Feet long; but did no Hurt, being towed by our Boats clear of our Shipping.——We earnestly want to hear from General Amherst.

August 24, 1759.

ON the 31st of July we landed 2000 Men near the Montmorency Falls, in the Face of the Enemy's Entrenchments, who were so well prepared to receive us, that, after passing their Fire near Half an Hour, we retreated with great Loss, tho' not so great as might be expected, considering the Enemy's Number, which, it was thought, amounted to 10,000, well intrenched: The Enemy's Intrenchments reached above 5 Miles and but three deep, that they can receive 10: Along the River, below Mont Morency Falls, the Shore is of Slate, and exceeding steep, so that it was almost inaccessible, and a considerable Shower of Rain had fell just before our Men attempted to force them, which made the Slate so slippery, that they could not get Foot-hold.——The Enemy keep close in their Camps within the Entrenchments, having a Troop of Horse-Dragoons constantly out to give Notice of any Attempts that we may make.——Their Firing is chiefly aimed at our Batteries on Point Levis, and down the River, to prevent any of our Ships getting up the River above Quebec, where Capt. Rous is, who, it is thought will attempt to destroy the French Frigates and Transports there, that there may be no Obstruction to General Amherst's Army in their Way down to join our Forces.——We have 3400 Men gone up that Way, which Brigadier Gen. Murray commands, who are destined to get Intelligence of General Amherst, from whom we have not heard this Summer.——If we don't make a compleat Conquest this Season, yet shall destroy their Crops, and a great many Houses, which must needs make them miserable the ensuing Winter, and that will bring their Stomachs to a Reason by next Spring.——Some of the Carpenters are often built at present, being preparing to go to Mr Cookes, there to build Barracks for 1500 Men.

Extract of another Letter, dated Point Levis Camp, August 20.

"I take this Opportunity to inform you of our Success; Every Thing went on here well 'till the 31st of July, when the brave General Wolfe, with his Hundred of Men, attempted to storm the French Trenches and Batteries; but had the largest Fall of Water to croſs that ever I did see; after getting over we had a Hill to mount, that would take a Man 20 Minutes to get up, without having any Arms, but notwithstanding our Army mounted, thro' the hotteſt Fire from the Enemy that ever I saw, all their Cannon being loaded with Grape Shot, so far as to get Poſſeſſion of the firſt Battery of 4 Guns, and a Redoubt; yet the whole French Army coming down on our Handful of Men, we were obliged to retreat, with no considerable Loſs, conſidering the Enemy being 12,000 Strong, and ours not above 3000; But thank God we are even with them; for on August 4, General Otway's Regiment, with Strags 5, was ordered out to watch the Enemy's Motions, in two Diviſions, and was to meet in three Days; but Otway's Regiment in their March were fired on by the Enemy, tho' we may assure they saw not, but drew up, and fired where they saw the Smoak come from for some Time, then they took the Bush, and drove the Rascals from behind their Ambuſh into a Plain, then drew up in Order of Battle, and drove the Dogs into the Fall of Water, firing at them as they drove to get there: It's after getting over, they got a great Body, and came over again, but met with the same Fate as before. They attempted it a third Time with a very large Body, being double the Number of the other two, but our Officers and Serjeant-Major calling out, My good Boys, don't forget Fort William Henry (they having the Regiment that beſieged there) they all with one Voice ſwore never to forget it, and hoped there to pay the Debt they so long wished for. Accordingly they marched, and drew up in this Form, 3 Companies on the Flanks, and 7 in the Front; but the 3 Companies on the Flanks behaved so well, that they never gave Ground, ſo as to let the Front fire one Shot till the Enemy run as before; the Loſs of the Enemy is thought to be 3 or 400; our Loſs was 4 Officers, and 32 Privates, 12 of which were killed, and the reſt wounded.

"We have 22 Pieces of Cannon, 18 and 24 Pounders, and 12 Pieces of Cannon, against the Town. We have played our Part so well, that I had the good Fortune to throw a 13-Inch Shell into their grand Church, and burnt it, with ſeveral fine Buildings, down to the Ground. And on August 8, at 12 o'Clock at Night, we threw a Carcaſs and one Shell on their Battery of 9 Guns, which blew up their Magazine, Platforms, and burnt with ſuch Violence, that ſome of the Garriſon was obliged to go into Boats to ſave themſelves from the Flames. The whole Town is now in Ruins. We have one line Battle, and about 4 or 500 French and Canadians Priſoners. The Enemy are very ſtrong and numerous, to be ſure I cannot ſay whether we ſhall be Maſters of the Greateſt before the Town we ſhall be Maſters of the Greateſt before the Town [illegible] Wolfe [illegible] Mr Cookes [illegible] Barracks [illegible] Men.

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For Answers the Week past the Hon. Assembly of this Province are convened. This is their Sixth Session in this City since their first Meeting at a Time and Place appointed by his Majesty's Royal Proclamation.

A Ring of Thieves were apprehended last Night, who, it is said, have robbed several Houses within a few Days past.

By the Arrival of Capt. Hall, from Dominica, we have Advice, that the Governor and Council of that Island had received Letters from the Governor of Martinico, on the Basse Terre side of the Island; and that Governor had received Letters from the Governor General of the French Windward Islands, residing at Martinico, acquainting them, that the King of France had declared War against the King of Great-Britain, and that the Governor General had received Orders to act offensively against the Subjects of his Britannick Majesty. This Account is confirmed by Capt. Hall, who says, that the Governor of Martinico had received Orders from Court to act offensively against the Subjects of his Britannick Majesty, and that the Governor General of the French Windward Islands, residing at Martinico, had received Orders to act offensively against the Subjects of his Britannick Majesty in the West-Indies. This Account is confirmed by Capt. Hall, who says, that the Governor of Martinico had received Orders from Court to act offensively against the Subjects of his Britannick Majesty, and that the Governor General of the French Windward Islands, residing at Martinico, had received Orders to act offensively against the Subjects of his Britannick Majesty in the West-Indies.

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[The following is a Copy of the Manifesto published by General WOLFE, on his Arrival at Quebec, as mentioned in the Account of Operations in Canada, under the News-Paper Head.]

General WOLFE's MANIFESTO.

By Sir Zacchary JAMES WOLFE, Knight of the Bath, Major General and Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Forces in Jersey, and Commander of a Body of Troops employed on an Expedition against Canada, &c. &c. &c.

THE King my Master, justly irritated against France, and resolved to abate their Pride, and reprimand the Insults committed against his Subjects in the Province of Canada, also in America, have determined, at last, to put an End to the Usurpations of the French in those Parts, and to drive the Canadians from the Banks of the Ohio, and the Lakes adjacent, where they have erected Fortresses, and built Forts, for the Protection of their Encroachments, and for securing to themselves the Possession of the Country, to the Exclusion of the Subjects of Great-Britain, to whom the Property of those Lands, and the Navigation of those Lakes, do undoubtedly belong.

His Inclination to avoid the Effusion of Christian Blood, and the Miseries attending War, induced his Majesty to send, not only Ambassadors, but Commissaries, to the Court of France, to demand Satisfaction for the Injuries complained of, and to endeavour to settle the Limits between the British and French Dominions in America, in such a Manner as might prevent Disputes for the future, and secure to each Crown its undoubted Rights and Possessions. But the Court of France, partly from Motives of Fear, and partly from Views of Ambition, has not only refused Satisfaction to the Complaints of his Majesty's Subjects, but has also avowed the Encroachments of its Governors, and openly espoused their Cause, by declaring War against his Majesty, and by commanding the Governor of Canada to act offensively against his Majesty's Subjects in America.

His Majesty, therefore, has been obliged to take Measures for the Security of his Dominions in America, and for the Protection of his injured Subjects. For this Purpose, a Fleet, with a Body of Troops on board, is gone up the River St. Lawrence, under the Command of Admiral Saunders, and the Troops are under my Orders. The Objects of the Expedition are known to the Publick, and the Success depends upon the Valour and Conduct of his Majesty's Forces. The Reduction of the Province of Canada will be a Work of Time and Difficulty, as the Country is full of Woods, Rivers, Lakes, Mountains, and Marshes, and the Communication between the Settlements is extremely difficult. The Canadians themselves are not numerous, but they are composed of Natives of France, who have been accustomed to Hardships from their Infancy, and are trained to the Use of Arms. The Regular Troops consist of Marines, Troops sent from France in the Year 1755, and Recruits raised in the Country. The Militia are numerous, and, upon any Alarm, can be assembled in a few Days. The Nature of the Country favours the Operations of Militia, and supplies the Enemy with Provisions, Ammunition, and Intelligence. The Canadians are Bigots to the Romish Religion, and have been taught to believe, that the English are Heretics, Enemies to God and Religion, and Barbarians, who delight in Cruelty and Bloodshed. Their Priests, Missionaries, and Monks, have inculcated these Principles, and have excited the Canadians to take Arms, and to act in the most barbarous Manner against his Majesty's Subjects. Their Colleges, Convents, and Churches, are filled with Arms, Ammunition, and Soldiers. Their Villages are deserted, and their Families, with their Effects, are removed into the Woods. Such Subjects of War, and Enemies to Mankind, are not entitled to the Rights of Humanity, nor can they be considered as Objects of Compassion, unless they will forsake their Errors, and submit to the Clemency of their Sovereign. I shall therefore, during the Course of this Campaign, use no more Force or Severity than is absolutely necessary for the Good of the Service, and the Safety of my Troops; and I will not distress the Canadians by their Enemies, if they will remain Neuter, and give no Assistance or Support to the Troops of France, the Allies or Enemies of his Majesty. But if, contrary to my Inclination, they should take Part in the War, and by Open Force, or Secret Practices, endeavour to obstruct the Operations of his Majesty's Troops, they must expect the Fate of Rebels and Traitors, and abide by the Consequences of their own Temerity. I am not ignorant of their present Situation, and Distress for Provisions; but they cannot be ignorant of their present Strength, and Resources. The Force and Power of Great-Britain, and the Conduct and Valour of her Troops, are well known. Any opposing the Passage of any Succours that they might hope for from Europe; and another Army pushing them on the other Side of the Continent. In short it does not appear doubtful what Resistance they should make to the Conquest of Canada, unless Obstinacy, Cruelty, or Infatuation, should induce them to destroy their Settlements, and retire into the Woods. What can they hope for by a vain Opposition? If the able Hands of according against us, they will have no one to cultivate their Lands, or supply them with Provisions. If they refuse the favourable Terms which I offer them, they will have no one to complain of but themselves, when they see their Families perishing with Hunger in the Winter, in which Season they are not prepared to encounter the Rigours of the Climate. Their Farms (they are no Property can escape their Bravery) are to be my Part. I shall have nothing to reproach myself with; let the World judge for me. The Laws of War, and common Sense, allow Mankind to distress their Enemies by every Means in their Power. The unheard of Cruelties which the French have committed on the Subjects of Great-Britain, who have fallen in this Part of the World, justify the most severe Proceedings; but Britain's born generously scorn such Methods. Even Religion teaches them Humanity, and their Monarch joins with Pleasure those Sentiments. Let the Canadians then consider, how long a Prince of such Power and Magnanimity (whose Goodness to his Subjects is well known) exercising his Compassion and Generosity towards them, will suffer them to continue in Arms, and invoking the Assistance of Heaven in their Privileges. On their side, they by France largesses, and Promises of defending their Towns in the most obstinate Manner. They have been sufficiently deceived by what other Ends but to enslave or to destroy them. Let them not be more foolish, or more credulous for the future. Let them not be more foolish, or more credulous for the future. Let them not be more foolish, or more credulous for the future

September 18, 1759.

RAN away this Morning from the *Patapsco* Furnace, an *English* Convict Servant Man, named *William Clifton*, born in *Somersetshire*, he is a thick well made Fellow, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, about 30 Years of Age, has a ruddy Complexion, has a broad Face, grey Eyes, down Look, and chesnut Hair. Had on when he went away, an old Check Shirt, Hempen Roll Trowsers, Country made Shoes, and an old Felt Hat, but 'tis suppos'd he will change his Apparel, as he took with him sundry other Clothes belonging to the other Servants, viz. 2 Osnabrig Shirts, 2 Pair of Stockings, 2 new Felt Hats, new blue and white Linen Handkerchiefs, with sundry other Things.

Any Person who will apprehend and secure said Servant, so that he may be had again, shall receive, if 10 Miles from home, Ten Shillings; if 20 Miles from home, Twenty Shillings; if 40 Miles from home, Forty Shillings; if out of the Province, Three Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges, if brought home, besides what the Law allows, paid for by Mr. *Edward Harris*'s and Company, by

JOSEPH WATKINS.

RAN away or Stolen from the Subscriber, living near *Nottingham* in *Prince-George's* County, *Maryland*, on Sunday the 2d of *September*, a New Negro Man imported in the Ship *Queen Ester*, *Henry Hart* Master, he has a youthful pleasant Look, a yellow Complexion, one of his little Fingers a little crooked, has a Scar high up on one of his Legs, appears to be about 20 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 Inches high, seems lively and active; he will answer to the Name of *Sambo*; he has found sharp Teeth, smokes Tobacco, and can say *Fanteague* and some few other Words. He had on an Osnabrigs Shirt and Breech Cloute.

Whoever brings the said Negro to the Subscriber, shall receive Two Pistoles Reward; and if Stolen and the Thief secured, Four Pistoles, paid by

JAMES MAXWELL.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Annapolis*, a Negro Fellow called *Cæsar*, about 21 or 22 Years of Age, 6 Feet high, or thereabouts, his Feet are 11 Inches long or better, has long Legs and Thighs, one or both of his Shins scratched, is full Eyed, has a small Scar on the Back of his Neck, a low Forehead, and a flat Nose. Had on and took with him, an old Osnabrigs Shirt and Drawers, an old Felt Hat, a short Pair of *Ruffia* Drab Breeches, Duroy Jacket, a white Coat and Jacket of Fustian or Linen, and a fine white Shirt.

Whoever takes up the said Negro, and brings him home, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, paid by

THOMAS WRIGHT.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels are forbid to carry him off at their Peril.

IF *John White*, who came from *London* in the Year 1745 with Capt. *William Dick*, and who served his Time with one *Thomas Hall* at *Port-Tobacco*, be alive, and will apply at *Joseph Manning*'s, near *Piscataway* in *Prince-George's* County, or to the Printers hereof, he may hear of something greatly to his Advantage.

New-Port, Charles County, 27th August, 1759.

THERE is in the Store of the Subscriber, a Box marked E. D. N° 1, containing Law Books.

The Owner may have it, on paying the Charge of this Advertisement. MATTHEW MAXWELL.

GUNS, Pistols, Swords, Bayonets, Cloathing for a Company of Volunteers, Tin-Kettles, Cutlasses, Powder-Flasks, Cockades, and all Sorts of other Goods belonging to Gentlemen Volunteers, to be Sold by Wholesale or Retail, at reasonable Rates, by WILLIAM HOLMES, at *Baltimore-Town*. Attendance given every Friday and Saturday.

THERE is at the Store of the Subscriber, living in *Talbot* County, a Bale of Goods marked T. P. N° 1, loaded about a Year ago from on board the *Endeavour*, Capt. *Slater*, from *London*.

The Owner may have it, on proving his Property, and paying the Cost of this Advertisement.

JAMES BERRY.

TO BE RUN FOR,

On the first Race-Ground on Upper Marlborough, on Thursday the 27th Day of September next,

ONE Pair of Pistoles, or the Value thereof, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, carrying Nine Stone, a Purse of THIRTY POUNDS, the best in Three Heats, about Two Miles each Heat. Mess. *Ogle* and *Bird Worthington* are to be Judges of the said Race, and to determine all Disputes which may arise thereon.

Each Running Horse to pay Three Shillings Entrance Money, and be Entered with Mr. *Benjamin Berry* or Mr. *Benjamin Beeale*, the Day before the Race.

And also to be Run for the Day following, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding (the winning Horse of the First Day Excepted) all the Entrance and what other Money may be made up by Subscription, which, at that Time, is not compleated, carrying the same Weights, and on the same Terms, with the Horses of the First Day. 2

RAN away the 16th of *August* last, from the Subscribers in *Annapolis*, two Convict Servant Men, viz.

Thomas Hays, an *Englishman*, about 20 Years old, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, pretty bulky, and stoops in his Shoulders, his Hair and Beard almost white, tho' it is supposed he has cut them off. He had on and took with him, a dark Cloth Coat, with a small Cape round the Neck, a Pair of green Cotton Breeches, a Pair of red Cloth Ditto, a white Shirt, Tall Shoes, and sundry other Clothes.

John Fish, an *Englishman*, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, a stout lusty made Fellow, about 35 Years old, carries his Head leaning towards one Shoulder. Had on and took with him, a brown Cloth Coat with a Velvet Cape, an old brown Great Coat, a light blue Jacket, a Pair of old Leather Breeches, two coarse white Shirts, one brown and one flaxen Wig, an old Hat, a Pair of Trowsers, and sundry other Clothes. He is a Shoemaker by Trade, and carried some of his Tools with him.

They were seen in *Baltimore-Town* the 28th; they have a forged Pass dated *George Stewart*, and proposed travelling to *Philadelphia*, and getting their Pass signed by Magistrates as they pass along.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Runaways, or either of them, so that their Masters may have them again, shall have Five Pounds Reward for each, besides what the Law allows, if taken up after the 7th of *September*; and if before that Time, a Fifty Pounds, besides what the Law allows, paid by

RICHARD MACKUBIN,
ALEXR QUYNN.

WANTED,

Any Time between this and Christmas,

A SHIP that will carry about 350 or 400 Hogsheads; she must not be less than 5 Feet betwixt Decks; will require to be well fitted, and not exceed two Years old; if new, will be more agreeable. Any Person having such a Ship to dispose of, may hear of a Purchaser, by applying to the Printers hereof.

THREE YOUNG NEGRO FELLOWS, that have been accustomed to work in Shallops these 4 Years past, talk *English* perfectly well, to be Sold, if an extraordinary Price is given. Apply as above. 4

RAN away from the Ship *Cato*, lying at *Annapolis*, on the 28th of *September*, Two Seamen,

One named *John Ragsdale*, a young Man, born in *Gosworth*, speaks pretty good *English*, of low Stature, fresh grated, large Eyes, which look as if they were started, and wears his own black Hair. He is cloathed in Sailor's Dress. And,

Alexander Law, an *Englishman*, of middling Stature, dark Complexion, smooth Face, and talks a great Deal. Had on a green Jacket and Trowsers, and a Wig or Cap.

They are supposed to be gone in a Boat belonging to *William Maitland*.

Whoever takes them up, and returns them to the Ship, or to *Annapolis*, shall have a Guinea Reward for each, paid by Mr. *Robert Swan*, or the Master.

WALTER MONTGOMERIE. 3

LATELY IMPORTED from LONDON,

In the Ship LYE, Captain JOHNSTON, and to be SOLD for Ready Money, or Bills of Exchange, at Reasonable Rates, by the Subscriber, in *Annapolis*, and at his Store in *Nottingham*, on *Patuxent*, by Wholesale or Retail,

EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, 4
Completely Assorted. Wholesale and Retail.
Also, Choice Barbados RUM, and Muscovado SUGAR.

HANSCOMB LEE.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the House of the Subscriber, near the Mouth of Patuxent in Calvert County, on Wednesday the first of OCTOBER, for Bills of Exchange or Cash,

A PLANTATION, containing 300 Acres of choice Land, whereon is a good Dwelling-House, Kitchen, Barn, Meat-House, and all other convenient Out-Houses, and several Apple and Peach Orchards. 5

ALEXANDER HALLAM.

TO BE SOLD,

In Lots of One Hundred Acres, or somewhat Less,

PART of a Tract of Land, called *Frenchman's Purchase*, containing 2434 Acres, lying near the Temporary Line, on *Marsh-Creek*, whereon is exceeding good Meadow-Ground, and two very good Improvements. For Title and Terms apply to Mr. *William Sparks*, living near the said Land. 5

And a Tract of Land called *Wilson's Out Lands*, containing 178 Acres, lying on *Conewingo*, and joining Mr. *James Baker*'s Land, well Timber'd and Water'd, with some good Meadow Ground, by

RICHARD BROOKE, *Executor*
of ISAAC BROOKE, Or,
SAMUEL BEALE, junior.

RAN away about the 25th of *June*, from the Subscriber in *Fairfax* County, *Virginia*, a likely Country-born Negro Boy, named *Dick*, about 15 Years of Age, has a Scar near his left Eye, speaks fluently, and is very ready in his Replies. Had on an old blue Cotton Coat and Waistcoat, and Leather Breeches. The Coat had plain Brass Buttons, the Waistcoat Horn. 6

Whoever brings home the said Negro, or secures him in any Goal, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, besides reasonable Charges, paid by

G. W. FAIRFAX.

To be SOLD by the Commissioners of the Poor-Currency, at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the House of Mr. William Reynolds, in Annapolis, on the Third Tuesday of this Provincial Court, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon. 7

THREE LOTS, with a Brick Dwelling-House Standing thereon, on the South West Side of *Scotts-Street*, in that Part of the said City called the *New-Town*, late the Estate of *William Gassaway*, Esq; deceased, for Current Paper Money.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Tuesday the 13th of November next, at the House of William Brown, in London-Town, the following Tracts of LAND, belonging to the Estate of William Peale, deceased,

ONE TRACT called *Simpson's Stones*, containing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place called *Huntington*.

One TRACT called *Barcliffe's Cover*, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Falls of *Patapsco*, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, surveyed for *Jane Gray*, called *Maiden's Bower*. 18

One TRACT called *Poplar Neck*, containing by Patent 450 Acres.

One TRACT called *Mitchell's Addition*, containing 184 Acres.

Part of a TRACT called *Puddington's Harbour*, containing 100 Acres.

*** These 3 last Tracts lie contiguous to one another, and near *London-Town*.

Also, The late Mr. *Peale*'s Dwelling-House, Store, and other Improvements, in *London-Town*, with several unimproved Lots lying contiguous.

All Persons who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring them in. And any inclining to Purchase the above Lands, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to JAMES MOUAT, JAMES DICK, JAMES NICHOLSON, } Executors.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM REID, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Church-street*; where all Persons may be Supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after; and in Proportion for long Advertisements.